

Épreuve de section européenne

Divisibility criteria

Consider the algorithm below :

```
begin
  Input "Enter a positive integer number",  $n$  // Example :  $n=354$ 
   $m$  changes to  $n$  ;
  while  $m > 70$  do
    |  $t$  changes to the quotient in the division of  $m$  by 10 // Example :  $t=35$ 
    |  $u$  changes to the remainder in the division of  $m$  by 10 // Example :  $u=4$ 
    |  $m$  changes to  $t - 2 \times u$  ;
  end
  if  $n$  is in the multiplication table of 7 then
    | Output "The number  $n$  is a multiple of 7."
  else
    | Output "The number  $n$  is not a multiple of 7."
  end
end
```

From various sources

Questions

- (a) Try the algorithm with $n = 62755$, then with $n = 461258$. Fill in a table showing the different values taken by m , t and u .
(b) Try the algorithm with a number that is not a multiple of 7.
- Prove that n is a multiple of 7 if and only if $t - 2u$ is a multiple of 7. Hint : write $n = 10t + u$.
- What other divisibility criteria do you know ?
- A 3-digit number abc is a multiple of 11 if and only if $a + c \equiv b[11]$. Prove this property.